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## Questions

- 23. What does the professor mainly discuss?
- The oldest known cave art
- How ancient cave art is dated
- The homes of Paleolithic humans
- How Paleolithic humans thought about animals
- 24. Why does the professor mention his daughter?
- To describe her reaction to seeing the paintings
- To explain the universal appeal of the Chauvet paintings
- To demonstrate the size of most Paleolithic cave art
- To emphasize his point about the age of the Chauvet paintings
- 25. What is the professor's opinion about the art at the Chauvet cave?
- It is extremely well done.
- It probably reflected the artists' religious beliefs.
- It is less sophisticated than the art at Lascaux and Altamira.
- It is probably not much older than the art at Lascaux and Altamira.

<ul> <li>26. According to the professor, what is the significance of charcoal marks on the walls of the Chauvet cave?</li> <li>They suggest that Paleolithic people cooked their food in the cave.</li> <li>They prove that people came to the cave long after the paintings were made.</li> <li>They show how much light the Paleolithic artists needed for their work.</li> <li>They were used in recent times to date the paintings.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>27. Compared with other Paleolithic art, what is unusual about the animals painted at Chauvet?</li> <li>Most of them are horses.</li> <li>Many of them are dangerous.</li> <li>Many of them are shown alongside humans.</li> <li>All of them are species that are still found in France.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>28. What are two questions about the Chauvet cave artists that the professor raises but cannot answer?  Choose 2 answers.</li> <li>How they lighted their work area</li> <li>How they obtained pigments for their paints</li> <li>Why they chose to paint certain animals and not others</li> <li>Why they placed their art in dark, uninhabited places</li> </ul>